

Nursery Mathematics Yearly Overview

Continuous provision will provide lots of opportunities for all Birth to 5 Matters Mathematics objectives. Each week, there will be an overt focus on a specific objective, as detailed below. Activity ideas are only a suggestion; children's interests and next steps inform daily planning.

	Birth to 5 matters	Objective	Week	Focus	Linked objectives
Autumn 1	Counting	Range 3: Says some counting words. May engage in counting-like behaviour, making sounds and pointing or saying some numbers in sequence. Range 4: Begins to say numbers in order.	1	Settling into school - nursery rhymes with a number focus Five little ducks - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Once I caught a fish alive - Five little monkeys. Daily Routine: Getting to know nursery and the school day. Now and next. Pattern: Range 3 - becomes familiar with patterns in daily routines. Range 4 - Is interested in what happens next using the pattern of everyday routines. Activity ideas: themed tough trays linking to the key rhymes, story sacks, use a visual timetable.	Pattern: Range 3: Joins in with and predicts what comes next in a story or rhyme. Measures: Range 3: Begins to understand that things might happen now or at another time, in routines.
	Pattern	Range 3 - becomes familiar with patterns in daily routines. Range 4 - Is interested in what happens	2	As above. Settling into school - daily routine & nursery rhymes with a number focus. Time, days of the week, morning, afternoon, dinner time, playtime, today, yesterday, tomorrow, before, after, now, next, last, soon, later	Measures: Range 4: Beginning to anticipate times of the day such as mealtimes or home time. Beginning to understand some talk about immediate past and future.

	next using the pattern of			
		3	As above. Settling into school - daily routine & nursery rhymes with a number focus.	
Comparison	Range 3: Responds to words like lots or more.	4	Lots of opportunities for grouping objects, can children recognise which group has 'more'. Activity ideas: link to Goldilocks and the three bears - which bowl has more in? Autumn; leaves, conkers - make groups and compare. Creating groups based on colour, shape, animal sorting etc. Filling containers, identifying more. Language: more, lots, not many, not enough, less.	Spatial awareness: Range 3: Enjoys filling and emptying containers.
	Range 4: Beginning to compare and recognise changes in numbers of things.	5	Recognising which group has more, as well as making groups that are 'more'. Activity ideas: See above, week 4. Continue with using language; more, lots, not many, not enough, less, same, in play.	Cardinality: Range 4: In everyday situations, takes or gives two or three objects from a group. Counting: Range 4: Begins to numbers in order.
Spatial awareness	Range 3: Investigates fitting themselves inside and moving through spaces.	6	Physical development - provide opportunities for obstacle courses, prompting the children to move under, over, through etc. Activity ideas: obstacle courses, tunnels. Link to 'We're going on a bear hunt' - retell the story practically during play.	Spatial awareness: Range 4: Moves their bodies and toys around objects and explores fitting into spaces. Responds to some spatial and positional language.

			over, under, through, above, below, top, bottom, side, outside, inside, around, in front, behind	
	Range 4: Moves their bodies and toys around objects and explores fitting into spaces.	7	Build on learning in week 6, continuing to move and navigate our bodies in different directions. Encourage the use of position within play (small world). Activity ideas: using cones to make a track/road, tunnels, ladders. Lots of opportunities for small world; dolls house - prompting children to put toys in specific places. Animal parade- lining the animals up to follow the track (drawn out map). Building - provide shapes for children to build their structure in. over, under, through, above, below, top, bottom, side, outside, inside, around, in front, behind	Responds to some spatial and positional language. Begins to remember their way around familiar environments.

	Birth to 5 matters	Objective	Week	Focus	Linked objectives
Autumn 2	Cardinality	Range 3: Uses number words, like one or two and sometimes responds accurately when asked to give one or two things.	1	Explore making one and two in a range of different ways. Extend to matching the amount with the numeral. Activity ideas: Link to Halloween or Bonfire night - 'can you find two pumpkins' etc. Use numicom, blocks, counters, counting bears. Use number buckets / sorting containers labelled with the numeral - can children sort the pictures/objects of one and two. Go on a number hunt - use environment. count, one, two, how many? same, more, less, show me make me	Cardinality: Range 4: Beginning to notice numerals (number symbols). Beginning to count on their fingers. Counting: Range 4: Begins to say numbers in order.
		Range 4: In everyday situations, takes or gives two or three objects from a group.	2	Explore identifying and making one, two and three. Extend to matching the amount with the numeral. Activity ideas: See week one and extend to 3. Week one may focus more on concrete and pictorial representations. Introduce more numeral representations in week two. count, one, two, three, how many? same, more, less, show me make me	Cardinality: Range 4: Beginning to notice numerals (number symbols). Beginning to count on their fingers. Counting: Range 4: Begins to say numbers in order.
	Measures		3		

	Range 3: Shows an interest in size and weight.		Provide opportunities for children to explore size and weight, using the language of size and weight during play. Activity ideas: Counting bears - focussing on the difference in sizes. Different sized animals or dinosaurs. Balancing scales. Fruit/veg, bakery or sweet shop role play - using scales, filling and emptying containers. Big, small, large, little, huge, tiny, massive, teeny, long, short, tall, size, weight, heavy, light, balance, the same, full, empty	Measures: Range 3: Explores capacity by selecting, filling and emptying containers.
	Range 4: Explores differences in size, length, weight and capacity.	4	Describe everyday items using the language of size, weight, length and capacity. Support children in noticing differences and ordering and sorting objects based on their size, weight, and length. Activity ideas: See week three ideas and extend based on children's understanding and interests. Lots of opportunities for small world - will the doll fit in the bed, will the dinosaur fit in the cave. Lining objects up from biggest to smallest, shortest to tallest etc. Big, small, large, little, huge, tiny, massive, teeny, long, short, tall, size, weight, heavy, light, balance, the same, full, empty	
Shape	Range 3: Pushes objects through different shaped holes, and	5	Lots of opportunities for puzzles and shape sorters, model using the language of shape to describe properties.	Shape: Range 3: Beginning to select a shape for a specific space.

	attempts to fit shapes into spaces on inset boards or puzzles.		Activity ideas: Shape sorters, puzzles, wooden blocks, 3D shapes Shape, round, circular, curved, square, rectangle, straight, triangle, pointy, corner, fit, too big, too small.	Enjoys using blocks to create their own simple structure or arrangements.
	Range 4: Recognises that two objects have the same shape.	6	Matching objects that have the same shape. Recognising the shapes of everyday objects and shapes within the environment. Activity ideas: Shape hunt 'can you find something round like a', shape sorting, junk modelling, construction materials. Shape, round, circular, curved, square, rectangle, straight, triangle, pointy.	Shape: Range 4: Chooses puzzles pieces and tries to fit them in. Makes simple constructions.
Pattern	Range 3: Beginning to arrange items in their own patterns, e.g. lining up toys.	7	Model creating patterns with everyday items Activity ideas: Creating repeating patterns using: small world models, shapes (link to previous weeks learning), coloured bears, pom poms, pasta shapes, winter of Christmas themed items. Pattern, repeat.	Shape: Range 3: Enjoys using blocks to create their own simple structure or arrangements.
	Range 4: Joins in and anticipates repeated sound and action patterns.	8	Build on week seven's learning, focussing on patterns. Explore musical, sound and action patterns.	Range 3: Beginning to arrange items in their own patterns, e.g lining up toys.

	Activity ideas: Nursery rhymes and stories with repeated language, copy the action games, musical instruments - listening and copying the pattern	
	Pattern, repeat.	

	Birth to 5 matters	Objective	Week	Focus
Spring 1	Comparison	Range 4- Beginning to compare and recognise changes in numbers of things, using words like more, lots of 'same'.	1	Encourage children to explore the collections they make, comparing amounts and counting some of the items, emphasising the last number, e.g. 1,2,3. <i>There are 3 leaves</i> . Include the number sequence in everyday contexts and songs so children experience the order of the numbers (ordinality) Activity: Provide buckets and bags for children to create collections of objects which they can count. Big, small, wide, narrow, compare.
	Cardinality	Range 4- Beginning to notice numerals (Number Symbols)	2	Encourage children to use marks to represent their mathematical ideas in role play. Point out the number of things whenever possible, e.g. rather than just chairs, say four chairs. Activity: Sing counting songs and rhymes which help to develop children's understanding of number. E.g 1,2,3,4,5 and 3 little men in a flying saucer. More, Less, How Many, number.
	Cardinality	Range 4- Beginning to	3	When singing number rhymes with props, draw attention to contrasting differences and changes in numbers, checking together. How many now?

Spatial Awareness	Range 4- Explores how things look from different viewpoints including things that are near or far	4	Activity: To sing number songs such as Five Little Ducks, holding fingers up and checking they go. One, Two, Three, Four, Five, What's next, How Many Encourage children to predict what they will see next on a familiar route. Activity: Create Transporting ideas outside, use crates, decking planks and tyres. Children can then change the view/structure and talk about it. On, under, behind, next to, inside, outside.
Spatial Awareness	Range 5- Responds to and uses language of position and direction	5	Help children to create simple roads and rail tracks and talk about position. Value children's explorations of spaces and viewpoints and their interest in how thing look different. Activity: Provide opportunities for children to explore position themselves inside, behind, on top and so on. Use the large play equipment outside. E.g. can you go under the slide? Through, around, in front, outside.
Cardinality	Range 4- In everyday situations, takes or gives two or three objects from a group	6	Help children to give or get two or three items, e.g. during snack time help children to take two pieces of fruit. Activity: Provide opportunities for children to explore cardinality in the environment using self-correcting resources, e.g. jigsaw with two ducks and the number two, or displays showing the numeral and the number of items.

	Birth to 5 matters	Objective	Week	Focus	Linked objectives
Spring 2	Comparison	Range 5- Compares two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there are the same number of objects in each group, e.g. You've got two, I've got two. Same!	1	Encourage children to share items between two people or toys. Activity: Dive into the bag and select 2 handfuls of objects. Count each object and then see if we have the same amount in each in each group. Big, small, wide, narrow, compare.	
	Counting	Range 5- May enjoy counting verbally as far as they can go	2	Enjoy counting forwards and back (sometimes to much higher numbers). Use different voices, e.g. high or growly. Activity: On the large bricks outside, can they count each step they take. Children to be encouraged to count the steps when going for dinner too.	
	Counting	Range 5- Points or touches (tags) each item, saying one	3	Use opportunities within daily routines to support children's developing sense of number.	

	number for each item, using the stable order of 1,2,3,4,5.		Activity: Count what's in the box- children to be encouraged to touch count each object, saying the number names in order.	
Cardinality	Range 5- Subitises one, two and three objects (without counting)	4	When counting objects with children emphasise the cardinal principle: 1, 2, 3, there are three cups. Activity: Explore different arrangements of the same number, e.g. partitioning five in different ways; hiding one group and "guessing" the hidden number. IWB- subitise the gingerbread Man's buttons.	
Cardinality	Range 5- Counts up to five items, recognising that the last number said represents the total counted so far (cardinal principle)	5	Invite children to count out a number of things from a larger group, e.g. Can you get five crackers? Activity: Go into the forest and find 5 sticks, children to count the sticks, realising that the last number they said, represents the total counted.	
Composition	Range 5- Through play and exploration, beginning to learn that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller	6	Model and encourage counting and representing numbers within role play, e.g. making a telephone call using a list of numbers. Activity: Use the telephones to push numbers, children encouraged to recognise that 5 cupcakes in the home corner is the same as the number 5 on the telephone.	

	numbers		

	Birth to 5 matters	Objective	Week	Focus
Summer 1	Shape	Range 5- Shows awareness of shape similarities and differences between objects	1	As children experience shapes, use informal language (e.g. slanty, pointy, twisty, wiggly, bumpy), common shape names (e.g. cylinder, cone, circle, square) and "nearly" shapes (e.g. This is almost a square but it's got curvy corners). Find out and use equivalent terms for shapes in home languages. Activity: Provide differently shaped resources to handle, carry, move and explore.
	Shape	Range 5- Enjoys partitioning and combining shapes to make new shapes with 2D and 3D shapes	2	Discuss how shapes can be partitioned in everyday contexts, e.g.cutting food in different ways. Activity: Provide large and small blocks and boxes for construction both indoors and outdoors.
	Pattern	Range 5- Explores and adds to simple linear patterns of two	3	Demonstrate arranging objects in spatial patterns when building, collaging or playing with loose parts. Activity: Pause to encourage prediction when enjoying stories and rhymes with repeating elements,

	or three repeating items, e.g. stick, leaf (AB) or stick, leaf, stone (ABC)		sometimes using props.
Measure	Range 5- In meaningful contexts, finds the longer or shorter, heavier or lighter and more/less full of two items	4	Look out for meaningful opportunities for children to compare by length, weight, capacity and time using comparative language (longer/ shorter, heavier/lighter, holds more/holds less, longer time/shorter time). Activity: Provide problem-solving opportunities indoors and outdoors for comparing length, weight and capacity, e.g. Which is the best bottle so we'll have enough drink for everyone at the picnic?
Comparison	Range 5- Compares two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there are the same number of objects in each group, e.g. You've got two, I've got two. Same!	5	Capitalise on children's fascination with counting by joining in when they count in games. Activity: Provide numerals that children can pick up and use within all aspects of their play. Provide resources indoors and outside for children to explore and talk about higher numbers.
Counting	Range 5- Points or touches (tags) each item, saying one	6	Use opportunities within daily routines to support children's developing sense of number. Activity: Model using objects to illustrate counting songs, rhymes and number stories, sometimes using

number for each item, using the stable order of	pictures and numerals, t those resources indepen	
1,2,3,4,5.		

	Birth to 5 matters	Objective	Week	Focus	Linked objectives
Summer 2	Cardinality	Range 5- Explores using a range of their own marks and signs to which they ascribe mathematical meanings	1	Value and support children to use their own graphics when problem solving. Activity: Support children to choose how to arrange collections of two, three and four objects in different ways.	
	Cardinality	Range 5- Links numerals with amounts up to 5 and maybe beyond	2	Invite children to count out a number of things from a larger group, e.g. <i>Can you get five crackers?</i> Activity: Model counting items rhythmically, including objects into a container, claps or drumbeats.	
	Composition	Range 5- Beginning to use understanding of number to solve practical problems in play and meaningful activities	3	Model wondering and talking about how you might solve a number problem. Activity: Provide spaces to display children's ongoing mathematical thinking, e.g. their own ways of representing their thinking, and scribing children's words.	

Composition	Range 5- Beginning to recognise that each counting number is one more than the one before	4	Emphasise the <i>one more</i> , <i>one less</i> pattern in rhymes and traditional tales, asking children to predict the next number. Activity: Support children to choose how to arrange collections of two, three and four objects in different ways.	
Comparison	Range 5- Compares two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there are the same number of objects in each group, e.g. You've got two, I've got two. Same!	5	Capitalise on children's fascination with counting by joining in when they count in games. Activity: Model using objects to illustrate counting songs, rhymes and number stories, sometimes using pictures and numerals, to enable children to use those resources independently.	
Comparison	Range 5- Compares two small groups of up to five objects, saying when there are the same number of objects in each group, e.g. You've got two, I've got two. Same!	6	Enjoy counting forwards and back (sometimes to much higher numbers). Use different voices, e.g. high or growly. Activity: To sing number songs, 10 Green Bottles. Focussing on counting backwards.	