



Nursery				
Autumn: I am special, I am me!	Spring: All aboard!	Summer: Food!		
Subject specific activities: Skittles colour mixing Making clouds- water, shaving foam and food colouring. A senses walk Smelly pots- Can you guess what's inside.  Reception	Subject specific activities: Boats and ramps Junk Modelling boats- to make boat races in the water Whole School Science day- Biggest hand, feet and tallest person.  Topic: Light 'What is the brightest light?'  -Switch light sources on and off inside a den they have built-discuss what they can see in the dark and how it changes when a light source is on.  - Compare the brightness of different light sources- discuss the sun as a light source.  Classify which materials block light to protect us from the sun.  Identify that we can see our reflection in shiny objects. Encourage children to predict which objects they will see their reflection in.	Subject specific activities: Investigate what will melt the ice- Lemon, salt, water. Looking at our senses- Fruit Salads Popcorn Making- can you hear the pops! Texture bags- What can you feel? Which fruit is inside?		

Autumn: All about me (2 weeks) Traditional Tales	Spring: Starry Starry Night It's a Wonderful World	Summer: On the move We're going on a Summer Holiday
Range 5: Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world. Talks about why things happen and how things work. Shows care and concern for living things and the environment.  Range 6: Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change in nature. Knows about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. Talks about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. Makes observations of animals and plants and explains why some things occur, and talks about changes.	Range 5: Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world. Talks about why things happen and how things work. Shows care and concern for living things and the environment.  Range 6: Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change in nature. Knows about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. Makes observations of animals and plants and explains why some things occur, and talks about changes.	Range 5: Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world. Talks about why things happen and how things work.  Range 6: Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change in nature. Knows about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things.
Topic: Living things and their habitats 'What can I see in the world around me?'	Topic: Seasonal Changes 'How do seasons change the world around me?'	Topic: Light 'What can I see outside?'
Learn about different plants- (trees, bushes,	Go on a seasonal walk to observe the key features.	- Talk about shadows you can see inside and outside. Identify the light source and the object.
flowers)-find/ take photographs of these plants in the different areas of the school grounds.  -Observe these plants closely and draw them.	-Look at pictures of different seasons and make artwork with seasonal found objects-talk about materials being used.	- Classify which objects/materials make dark shadows.
Draw a simple map to show how they find their favourite plants in school.	Encourage children to talk and classify what they wear in different seasons.	-Measure shadows using non-standard units.

Draw around shadows throughout the Learn about different minibeasts- find/ Look at how animals behave in this season take photographs of these in different areas of day to record how they change. the school/ use magnifying glasses to observe. build nests and lay eggs in the spring. -Make rainbows from sunlight e.g. bubbles, CD's--Build minibeast homes-link to materials-test Explore how a puddle changes after it has ask questions about rainbows. models to see if fit for purpose. rained. - Find animals in different habitats. Ask questions **Topic: Materials Including Changing Materials** about and describe these habitats. Topic: Earth and Space 'How do materials in the natural world 'What can I see outside?' change?' **Topic: Forces** 'What changes can I make?' Talk about the changes children see Choose where to place ice cubes in the with the sky at different times of the day. Find Observe/compare if objects float and sink. playground and measure using string around they simple patterns in how temperature changes with Encourage children to change objects e.g. cutting how they change when they melt- draw pictures/ movement/ obscuring of the sun. and peeling fruit or reshaping plasticene to see take photographs to record changes. the effect. -Use binoculars or telescope to make distant Observe/ compare how cars move down objects appear larger and closer. Make popcorn on a fire. Observe ramps and gutters. Encourage children to change changes and encourage children to ask questions Encourage children to ask questions about how the cars rolled down. about the materials and how they change- draw pictures/ take photographs to record changes. space and space travel. Make and test air -Visit a contrasting natural environment e.g. a propelled rockets to find which is best. beach and find plants and animals in this -Visit a farm to see young animals in the spring. contrasting environment/ Visit the zoo to see -creative homework-observe the evening/ night animals in different habitats. sky with family Common Misconceptions: **Common Misconceptions: Common Misconceptions:** Adults role: Adults role: Adults role: **Enabling environments: Enabling environments: Enabling environments:** Ongoing provision: Ongoing provision: Ongoing provision: **Shadow puppets** 

			Children make shadows Read books about shadows and rainbows Sort small world animals into those active at night and those active in the day.	
Ongoing Science skills:				
Key vocabulary:		Cross Curricular objectives (ELG):		
By the end of EYFS children will be able to:				